Briefing Packet for the House Appropriations Regulatory Sub-Committee

Date: April 25, 2000

Randall S. James, Banking Commissioner

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF BANKING COMPLIANCE STATUS OF PERFORMANCE MEASURES FEBRUARY 2000

• A majority of the performance measures are being met; however, main area of exception is:

Special Audit Measures out of Compliance

Currency Exchange (Key)	100%	79%
Prepaid Funeral Contracts	85%	69%
Perpetual Care Cemetery	85%	58%
Sale of Check	90%	82%
Special Audit Licensees (Key)	650	65%

- (a) Indicates actual performance for first six months annualized.
 - Primary reasons for not meeting performance measures are:
 - o High turnover of specialty examiners in Special Audits division; and
 - Continued deterioration in the condition of licensees and extended periods between examinations.

ACTIONS TAKEN TO MEET PERFORMANCE MEASURES

- Increased the size of the Special Audits staff;
- Provided improved career potential to reduce turnover; and,
- Utilized Bank and Trust Examiners in Special Audits area.
 - o Bank and Trust staff is available through August 2000, when the number of scheduled bank examinations returns to a normal level.

STATUS OF COMPLIANCE WITH ARTICLE IX CAPS

FTE – The current FTE number is 140 and compliance with the 150 cap level is anticipated.

- Travel Expenditures The Department has requested a waiver of the cap for FY 2000-2001, based on projected travel estimates
- Capital Budget Expenditures Compliance with the combined \$350,673 cap (includes imaging system and information resource technology) is anticipated.
- Salary Compliance with the merit salary increase and promotions cap of \$106,828 is anticipated.

All of the above are being internally monitored monthly to assure the agency remains in compliance with the mandated caps.

Commercial Banks*	379	\$59,684
Foreign Bank Agencies	11	32,837
Trust Companies	31	60,717
Sales of Checks Licensees	42	436,482
Currency Exchange Licensees	83	45
Perpetual Care Cemeteries	226	147
Prepaid Funeral Licensees	440	1,725

Information as of December 1999

CHALLENGES FACING THE BANKING DEPARTMENT

Changes in state and federal legislation, and within the regulated industries themselves, will require additional staffing and more expertise in this rapidly growing and increasingly complex financial environment.

- Banks engaging in and offering new products and services as a result of Gramm-Leach-Bliley
 - o Insurance sales and/or underwriting;
 - o Securities sales of equity/commodity investments and underwriting.
- E-banking or Internet banking.
- State examiners are participating in examinations of bank holding companies with the Federal Reserve to monitor and analyze emerging complexities.
- Continuing growth in bank and trust company assets.

Challenges of Retaining Qualified Personnel

^{*}Includes all State-Chartered Banking Activity in Texas

- Continuing high employee turnover, at both examiner and support levels, due to:
 - o More lucrative employment opportunities in the private sector; and,
 - o Better pay for same responsibilities by federal regulators.
- Personnel need to be highly educated and professional to deal with the increasing complexity of banking, insurance, and security products along with the availability of these services through the Internet.
- Time to properly train a new employee to become a *commissioned examiner is about four years.
- *Commissioned examiner = an employee qualified to lead an examination team in the financial review of a small, noncomplex financial institution.

Financial Examiner I	\$25.9 / \$32.9	\$28.7 / \$40.8	\$32.8 / \$51.2	\$29.6 / \$38.8
Financial Examiner IV	\$37.3 / \$49.6	\$46.5 / \$67.7	\$42.8 / \$64.2	\$44.7 / \$64.6
Financial Examiner VII	\$54.3 / 72.4	\$66.6 / \$99.2	\$55.1 / \$87.9	\$63.3 / \$94.8

(Amounts in thousands)

FDIC=Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

FRB=Federal Reserve Bank

OCC=Office of the Comptroller of the Currency

Actual FTEs	153	147	138	142	140		
Turnover Ratio on Actual	27.1%	32.3%	33.7%	29.9%	15.0%(1)		
Authorized FTEs	194.5	194.5	184.5	184.5	150		
Turnover Ratio on Auth.	21.3%	24.4%	25.2%	23.0%	14.0%(1)		

(1) Indicates annualized as 20 employees have left the Department YTD.

Job Postings	3	3	11	10	7	7	8